



Provocations and more-thanhuman perspectives in design



#### **Summary**

This teaching activity introduces students to what provocations are in relation to more-than-human perspectives in design. We distinguish between provotypes, as the materialisation of provocations in design artefacts, and provotyping as a process to trigger and pose tensions and dilemmas of current everyday practices. We illustrate how provocations can be materialised and experimented with and why designerly provocations complements current design methods to cultivate design explorations that accommodate alternative approaches for embracing more-than-human perspective.

#### **Learning outcomes**

After the teaching activity students should be able to:

- Describe provotyping and provotypes in morethan-human perspectives in design.
- Construct provotypes in more-than-human perspectives in design.
- Evaluate and reflect on provotypes and provotyping in more-than-human perspectives in design.



# Outline/Content

- What are provocations in design
- Why provocations and more-than-human perspectives
- How to provotype
- When to provotype
- Group work



# Key readings

Jensen, R. H., Nilsson, E. M., Hansen, AM., Yoo, D. & Eriksson, E. (2025). Provocations and More-Than-Human Perspectives in Human-Computer Interaction. Interacting with Computers, 2025. iwaf020, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1093/iwc/iwaf020">https://doi.org/10.1093/iwc/iwaf020</a>

Jensen, R. H., Encinas, E., & Raptis, D. (2022). Spicing It Up: From Ubiquitous Devices to Tangible Things Through Provocation. In TEI 2022 - Proceedings of the 16th International Conference on Tangible, Embedded, and Embodied Interaction: TEI '22 (pp. 1-15). Article 33 Association for Computing Machinery (ACM).

https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3490149.3502257



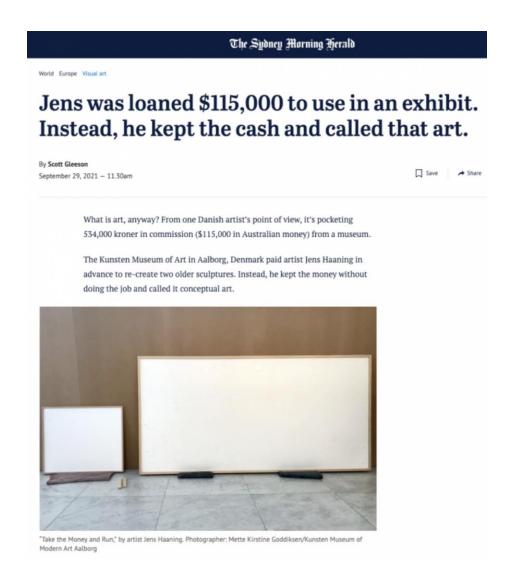
# What are provocations, provotypes and provotyping?



# Provocations as critical encounters

... provocation has for centuries proven a powerful means for artists and activists to challenge what we take for granted ...

Critical Design and Critical Theory: The Challenge of Designing for Provocation (Bardzell et al., 2012)



https://www.smh.com.au/world/europe/jens-was-loaned-115-000-to-use-in-an-exhibit-instead-he-kept-the-cash-and-called-that-art-20210929-p58vlh.html



#### Provocations in design

"... to promote critical engagement and reactions from participants, including around subject matters that are hard to articulate or envision..."

Provocative design for unprovocative designers: Strategies for triggering personal dilemmas. (Ozkaramanli & Desmet, 2016)



# Why Provocations in design

- .... help explore complex topics (e.g., sustainability, more-than-human perspectives)
- challenge and disrupt existing social and cultural norms by articulating topics seen as taboo
- promote debate around design ideas within a design team
- help generate new ideas



# Provotypes (designerly artefacts)

.... a *provotype* (from "provocation" and "prototype") is a tangible or intangible **design artefact** aimed at provoking discussions and reflections among different users and stakeholders in a design project

... unlike *pro<u>t</u>otypes* that focus on solving problems, **provotypes** explore potential (**more-than-human**) futures, challenge expectations, mediate concepts and ideas, and intervene in people's everyday life



#### Provotypes and more-than-human perspectives

#### The Happy Cow Project

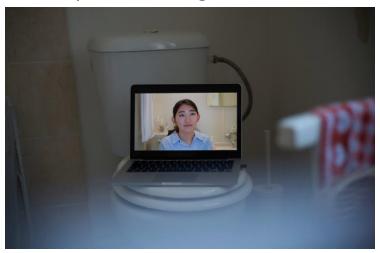
`the toys are meant to serve as "critical and provocative tools" to remind desensitised consumers of the range of emotions that animals can feel.'



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OUQse8InSqg

#### U - your smart toilet assistant

"What if we would stretch the idea of a Siri in the bathroom? A voice assistant connected to the toilet? How would it sound and feel? What would it do? Which kind of relation would you have with it? Which problems might arise?"



https://mljuul.com/U https://vimeo.com/258780690



# How to provotype?



#### Provocative design dimensions

- Conceptual is about an idea/belief/concept to be challenged or critiqued through design
- Functional deals with how far from the expected norm the design is intended to function and operate
- Aesthetics is about how cultural and social meanings inscribed in the design can spark debate and reflection (e.g., more-than-human perspectives)



# Prototyping (future desires)

... prototyping is primarily directed towards the **construction** of the future

Various prototypes enable and encourage prospective users to get concrete experience with a prospective computer system/interactive design.







... to **expose** tension and problems in **current practice** by getting participants to experience new ways of **doing it** in **alternative ways**...

Towards a Provotyping Approach in Systems Development (Mogensen, 1992)



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Design in the Absence of Practice: Breaching Experiments. (Crabtree, 2004)



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Towards a Provotyping Approach in Systems Development (Mogensen, 1992)

... design to challenge the status quo to expose assumptions and trigger reflective discussions on the design space...

Design in the Absence of Practice: Breaching Experiments. (Crabtree, 2004)

... by asking what can be done to make **trouble** we trigger the well-known and make it **visible** and **account-able**...

Studies of the Routine Grounds of Everyday Activities Social Problem. (Garfinkel, 1964)



... provotyping can be viewed as the staging of socially-shared practices, through which the problematic is made visible by design and the experience is rendered account-able...



#### Provotyping and more-than-human perspectives

#### The BOX Project

"How can a design engage households to use renewable energy? Not by making this effortless, but more disruptive by provocations. We choose to intervene in laundry practices, because it is a practice rich of household routines and social norms."



https://pure.au.dk/ws/portalfiles/portal/369030200/T EI22 FINAL GOOD.mp4

#### The Gossiper Fridge

"The Gossiper Fridge tells stories about the animals involved in creating the produce currently in the fridge to cultivate a deeper connection with the natural world and raise awareness about the interconnectedness of human consumption and animal lives

#### **Example Scenario**

#### **Human Opens Fridge:**

- •Trigger: The fridge door is opened.
- •Story: "Did you know that the almonds in your fridge were pollinated by bees? Bees are crucial for the production of many crops, but their populations are declining due to habitat loss and pesticides. By choosing organic almonds, you're supporting bee-friendly farming practices."
- •Interactive Element: A short animation shows bees pollinating almond trees, followed by a quiz question: "How many crops rely on bee pollination?"



#### When to provotype

#### **Prototyping**

Exploring and materialising user needs

Solution-oriented

Evaluating usability, features & affordances

Convenient and functional benefits

#### **Provotyping**

Triggering practices

Problem-oriented

Staging dilemmas & tensions

Slight-strangeness and de-familiarness



# Group Work



#### 1: Describe

Choose a more-than-human topic you would like to raise questions and promote debate about.

Describe to your group why the chosen topic is relevant.

#### 2: Design

Consider how to design a provotype reflecting on the three provocative design dimensions (conceptual, functional, and aesthetic to help raise awareness of your more-than-human topic.

Feel free to draw a picture of this design and discuss the design with your group

#### 3: Reflect

Reflect on the situations where this design can trigger more-than-human concerns in mundane everyday.

Feel free to draw a picture of different situations and discuss possible intended and unintended consequences of your design with your group



#### References

Jensen, R. H., Nilsson, E. M., Hansen, AM., Yoo, D. & Eriksson, E. (2025). Provocations and More-Than-Human Perspectives in Human-Computer Interaction. Interacting with Computers, 2025. iwaf020, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1093/iwc/iwaf020">https://doi.org/10.1093/iwc/iwaf020</a>

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